

SPECIMEN

overdrive[®]

herbicide

**For broadleaf weed control in noncropland sites,
pasture, hay, and rangeland**

Active Ingredient:	By Weight:
Sodium salt of diflufenzopyr: 2-(1-[[[3,5-difluorophenylamino] carbonyl]-hydrazono]ethyl)-3-pyridinecarboxylic acid, sodium salt*	21.4%
Sodium salt of 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid**	55.0%
Inert Ingredients:	23.6%
Total	100.0%

* This product contains 20% 2-(1-[[[3,5-difluorophenylamino] carbonyl]-hydrazono]ethyl)-3-pyridinecarboxylic acid (diflufenzopyr) or 0.20 pounds acid equivalent per pound of product.
 ** This product contains 50% 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid or 0.50 pounds acid equivalent per pound of product.

EPA Reg. No.7969-150

EPA Est. No.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

CAUTION

See inside for **First Aid, Precautionary Statements** and **Directions for Use.**

NET CONTENTS: 7.5 pounds (3.4 kilograms)



FIRST AID	
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
HOT LINE NUMBER	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or when going for treatment. You may also contact BASF Corporation for emergency medical treatment information: 1-800-832-HELP (4357).	

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Harmful if swallowed. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical resistant gloves category A
- Shoes plus socks

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Engineering Controls Statement

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. This chemical is known to leach through soil into ground water under certain conditions as a result of agricultural use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in ground water contamination.

Ground and Surface Water Protection

Point source contamination: To prevent point source contamination, do not mix, load this pesticide product within 50 feet of wells (including abandoned wells and drainage wells), sink holes, perennial or intermittent streams and rivers, and natural or impounded lakes and reservoirs. Do not apply pesticide product within 50 feet of wells. This setback does not apply to properly capped or plugged abandoned wells and does not apply to impervious pad or properly diked mixing/loading areas as described below.

Mixing, loading, rinsing, or washing operations performed within 50 feet of a well are allowed only when conducted on an impervious pad constructed to withstand the weight of the heaviest load that may be on or move across the pad. The pad must be self-contained to prevent surface water flow over or from the pad. The pad capacity must be maintained at 110% that of the largest pesticide container or application equipment used on the pad and have sufficient capacity to contain all product spills, equipment or container leaks, equipment wash waters, and rainwater that may fall on the pad. The containment capacity does not apply to vehicles delivering pesticide shipments to the mixing/loading site. States may have in effect additional requirements regarding wellhead setbacks and operational containment.

Care must be taken when using this product to prevent: a) back siphoning into wells, b) spills or c) improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixtures or rinsates. Check valves or antisiphoning devices must be used on all mixing equipment.

Movement by surface runoff or through soil:

Do not apply under conditions which favor runoff. Do not apply to impervious substrates such as paved or highly compacted surfaces in areas with high potential for ground water contamination. Ground water contamination may occur in areas where soils are permeable or coarse and ground water is near the surface. Do not apply to soils classified as sand with less than 3% organic matter and where ground water depth is shallow. To minimize the possibility of ground water contamination, carefully follow application rate recommendations.

Movement by water erosion of treated soil: Do not apply or incorporate this product through any type of irrigation equipment nor by flood or furrow irrigation. Ensure treated areas have received at least one-half inch rainfall (or irrigation) before using tailwater for subsequent irrigation of other fields.

Endangered Species Concerns

The use of any pesticide in a manner that may kill or otherwise harm an endangered species or adversely modify their habitat is a violation of federal law.

Directions For Use

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical resistant gloves category A
- Shoes plus socks

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Noncropland, pasture and rangeland weed control is not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard. See section **I. General Information** of this label for a description of noncropland sites.

Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

All applicable directions, restrictions, precautions and **Conditions of Sale and Warranty** are to be followed. This labeling must be in the user's possession during application.

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store product in original container only. Store product in a cool, dry place. Do not store this product under wet conditions. Avoid cross-contamination with other pesticides.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mix, or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of according to label instructions, contact the state agency responsible for pesticide regulation or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal:

Plastic Containers: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. Do not re-use container

In Case of Emergency

In case of large-scale spillage regarding this product, call:

CHEMTREC	800-424-9300
BASF Corporation	800-832-HELP

In case of medical emergency regarding this product, call:

- Your local doctor for immediate treatment.
- Your local poison control center (hospital).
- BASF Corporation (800-832-HELP)

I. General Information

OVERDRIVE[®] herbicide is a selective postemergence herbicide for the control of annual and biennial broadleaf weeds and control or suppression of many perennial broadleaf weeds in

noncropland sites, pasture, hay, and rangeland sites. Examples of noncropland sites include, but are not limited to railroad, utility, pipeline and highway rights-of-way, railroad crossings, utility plant sites, petroleum tank farms, pumping installations, nonagricultural fencerows, and airports.

Table 1. General Weed List, Including ALS - and Triazine-Resistant Biotypes

Annual Weeds	Annual Weeds (CONT)	Perennial Weeds
Amaranth, Palmer, Powell, Spiny	Purslane, Common	Alfalfa
Aster, Slender	Pusley, Florida	Bindweed, Field, Hedge
Bedstraw, Catchweed	Radish, Wild	Buckbrush
Beggarweed, Florida	Ragweed, Common, Giant (Buffaloweed), Lance-Leaf	Buttercup, Bulbous, Creeping
Broomweed, Common	Sesbania, Hemp	Clover, White
Buckwheat, Wild	Shepherdspurse	Daisy, Oxeye
Buffalobur	Sicklepod	Dandelion, Common
Burcucumber	Sida, Prickly (Teaweed)	Dock, Broadleaf, Curly
Buttercup, Corn, Hairy, Roughseed, Western Field	Smartweed, Green, Pennsylvania	Dogbane, Hemp
Carpetweed	Smellmelon	Dogfennel (Cypressweed)
Catchfly, Nightflowering	Sneezeweed, Bitter	Goldenrod, Canada, Missouri, Rigid
Chamomile, Corn	Sowthistle, Annual, Spiny	Horsenettle, Carolina
Chickweed, Common	Spurge, Prostrate	Lespedeza, Sericea
Clovers, Annual	Spurry, Corn	Milkweed, Climbing, Common, Honeyvine
Cockle, Corn, Cow	Starbur, Bristly	Nightshade, Silverleaf
Cocklebur, Common	Sumpweed, Rough	Plantain, Broadleaf, Buckhorn
Croton, Tropic, Woolly	Sunflower, Common (Wild),	Pokeweed
Daisy, English	Thistle, Russian	Ragweed, Western
Devil's Claw	Velvetleaf	Sensitivebriar, Catclaw
Eveningprimrose, Cutleaf	Waterhemp, Common, Tall	Skeletonweed, Rush
Fleabane, Annual	Waterprimrose, Winged	Smartweed, Swamp
Flixweed	Wormwood	Sneezeweed, Common
Goosefoot, Nettleleaf	Vetch, Hairy	Sowthistle, Perennial
Henbit		Thistle, Canada
Jimsonweed	Biennial Weeds	Yankeeweed
Knotweed, Prostrate	Burdock, Common	Yarrow, Common
Kochia	Carrot, Wild (Queen Anne's Lace)	
Ladysthumb	Cockle, White	
Lambsquarters, Common	Eveningprimrose, Common	
Lettuce, Prickly	Geranium, Carolina	
Mallow, Venice	Gromwell	
Marestail (Horseweed)	Knapweed, Diffuse, Spotted	
Mayweed	Mallow, Dwarf	
Morningglory, Entireleaf, Ivyleaf, Pitted, Smallflower, Tall	Parsnip, Wild	
Mustard, Tall, Tansy, Wild, Yellowtops	Plantain, Bracted	
Nightshade, Black, Eastern Black, Hairy	Ragwort, Tansy	
Pennycress, Field	Starthistle, Yellow	
Pepperweed, Virginia	Sweetclover	
Pigweed, Prostrate, Redroot (Carelessweed), Rough, Smooth, Spiny, Tumble	Teasel	
Pineappleweed	Thistle, Musk, Plumeless, Bull	
Poorjoe		
Puncturevine		

Mode of Action

OVERDRIVE[®] herbicide is absorbed by leaves, roots, and shoots and translocated to the growing points of sensitive weeds to provide postemergence control of emerged weeds as well as moderate residual control of germinating weeds. **OVERDRIVE** controls weeds by auxin transport inhibition and auxin agonist modes of action. In addition, **OVERDRIVE** can complement the activity of other auxin-like herbicides such as triclopyr, picloram and clopyralid.

Weeds treated with **OVERDRIVE** will typically display symptoms within several hours and be controlled in 3-7 days. Control of larger annual, biennial, or perennial weeds may require additional time. Treated weeds will stop growing soon after application. Broadleaf weeds will display epinastic twisting and crinkling symptoms before becoming necrotic.

Coverage

Weeds must be thoroughly covered with spray. Dense leaf canopies shelter smaller weeds and can prevent adequate spray coverage.

Cleaning Spray Equipment

Clean application equipment thoroughly by using a strong detergent or commercial sprayer cleaner according to the manufacturer's directions and triple rinsing the equipment before and after applying this product.

II. Application Instructions

Best product performance is obtained when **OVERDRIVE** is applied to actively growing weeds. **OVERDRIVE** may be applied as a ground broadcast or spot spray application at a rate of 4-8 ounces per acre plus spray additive (see section III. Rates and Additives). To avoid uneven spray coverage, **OVERDRIVE** should not be used during periods of gusty winds or when windspeeds exceed 15 mph.

Ground Application Methods and Equipment

As a wettable granule formulation, **OVERDRIVE** can be applied using water as the spray carrier.

Water Volume: Select an appropriate spray volume that ensures adequate coverage of the target weed species. Use higher water volumes when treating dense or tall vegetation. Do not apply less than 3 gallons of spray volume per acre.

Application Equipment: Use ground application equipment that will provide good spray coverage of weed foliage. Exercise preventative measures to avoid drift onto nontarget areas.

Spray Drift Management

Spray drift from application equipment or the use of poorly cleaned equipment may cause injury to desirable broadleaf trees and plants, particularly beans, cotton, flowers, fruit trees, grapes, ornamentals, peas, potatoes, soybeans, sunflowers, tobacco, and other broadleaf plants when contacting their roots, stems, or foliage. These plants are most sensitive to **OVERDRIVE** during their development or growing stage.

- Avoid application when spray particles can be carried by wind to areas where broadleaf crops or plants are growing, or when temperature inversions exist. **OVERDRIVE** should not be applied during periods of gusty wind or when windspeed exceeds 15 mph as uneven spray coverage may occur.
- Use coarse sprays (volume median diameter of 400 microns or more) to avoid potential herbicide drift. Select nozzles that are designed to produce minimal amounts of fine spray particles (less than 200 microns). Examples of nozzles that produce coarse sprays for ground application equipment are Radiarc[®] Sprayer, Delavan[®] Raindrops, Raindrop Flood, or Flooding Spray nozzles; Spraying Systems XR (excluding 110° tips) flat fans, Turbo TeeJet[®], Turbo Floodjet[®], Drift Guard DG TeeJet[®], or large capacity flood nozzles such as D10, TK10, or greater capacity tips. Nozzles that produce a narrow spray angle will generally have larger droplets. Consult your spray nozzle supplier concerning the choice of drift-reducing nozzles.
- When feasible, keep the spray pressure at the lower end of the manufacturer's recommended pressure for the specific nozzles used, and do not exceed the recommended spray pressure.
- Agriculturally approved drift-reducing additives may be used.

III. Rates and Additives

Rate

Use 4-8 ounces of **OVERDRIVE** per acre. Use higher rates when treating large annual and biennial weeds or when treating perennial weeds. A maximum of 10 ounces of **OVERDRIVE** can be applied per season per treated acre in noncropland sites. A maximum of 8 ounces of **OVERDRIVE** can be applied per season per treated acre in pasture, hay, and rangeland sites.

Adjuvants must be used with **OVERDRIVE®** herbicide to achieve consistent weed control.

Nonionic Surfactant

The standard label recommendation is 1 quart of an 80% active nonionic spray surfactant per 100 gallons of water.

OR

Methylated Seed Oil

Methylated vegetable-based seed oil concentrate may be used at the rate of 1.5 to 2 pints per acre. When using spray volumes greater than 30 gallons per acre, methylated seed oil or vegetable-based seed oil concentrates should be mixed at a rate of 1% of the total spray volume. Methylated seed oils may aid in deposition and uptake of **OVERDRIVE** for hard-to-control perennials, waxy leaf species or when plants are under moisture or temperature stress.

Compatibility Test for Mix Components

Add components in the following sequence using 2 teaspoons for each pound of dry product or 1 teaspoon for each pint of liquid product of recommended label rate per acre (EXAMPLE: 1 teaspoon for an 8 oz./A rate of **OVERDRIVE**).

- 1) **Water:** For 20 gallons per acre spray volume, use 3.3 cups (800 ml) of water. For other spray volumes, adjust rates accordingly. Use only water from the intended source at the source temperature.
- 2) **Water-dispersible products:** - (dry flowables, wettable powders, suspension concentrates, or suspo-emulsions) Cap the jar and invert 10 cycles.
- 3) **Water-soluble products:** such as **OVERDRIVE**. Cap the jar and invert 10 cycles.
- 4) **Emulsifiable concentrates:** Cap the jar and invert 10 cycles.
- 5) **Water-soluble additives:** (i.e. Nonionic surfactant) Cap the jar and invert 10 cycles.
- 6) Let the solution stand for 15 minutes.

- 7) **Evaluate** the solution for uniformity and stability. The spray solution should not have free oil on the surface, nor fine particles that precipitate to the bottom, nor thick (clabbered) texture. If the spray solution is not compatible, repeat the compatibility test with the addition of a suitable compatibility agent. If the solution is then compatible, use the compatibility agent as directed on its label. If the solution is still incompatible, do not mix the ingredients in the same tank.

IV. Mixing Order

- 1) **Water:** Begin by agitating a thoroughly clean sprayer tank half full of clean water.
- 2) **Water-dispersible products:** (dry flowables, wettable powders, suspension concentrates, or suspo-emulsions)
- 3) **Water-soluble products:** such as **OVERDRIVE**
- 4) **Emulsifiable concentrates**
- 5) **Water-soluble additives** (i.e. Nonionic surfactant)
- 6) Remaining quantity water

Maintain constant agitation during application. For more information, refer to section **V. General Tank Mixing Information**.

V. General Tank Mixing Information

OVERDRIVE may be used alone or tank mixed with other herbicides listed for additional weed control (see **Table 2 Tank Mix Options**). Tank mix recommendations are for use only in states where the tank mix product and application site are registered. Read and follow the applicable **Restrictions and Limitations** and **Directions For Use** on all products involved in tank mixing. The most restrictive labeling applies to tank mixes. Physical incompatibility, reduced weed control, or crop injury may result from mixing **OVERDRIVE** with other pesticides (fungicides, herbicides, insecticides, or miticides), additives, or fertilizers.

Table 2. Tank Mix Options

Herbicide	Recommendation
picloram (Tordon [®] , Grazon [®] P+D)	For noncropland, pasture and rangeland: To complement weed spectrum or increase weed control, add 4 oz/A of OVERDRIVE[®] herbicide in tank mixtures with picloram
triclopyr (Garlon [®] 3A, Garlon [®] 4, Remedy [®])	For noncropland, pasture and rangeland: To complement weed spectrum or increase weed control, add 4 oz/A of OVERDRIVE in tank mixtures with triclopyr.
clopyralid (Transline [®] , Stinger [®] , Redeem ^{®2})	For noncropland, pasture and rangeland: To complement weed spectrum or increase weed control, add 4 oz/A of OVERDRIVE in tank mixtures with clopyralid.
fluroxypyr ¹ (Vista [®])	For noncropland only: To complement weed spectrum or increase weed control, add 4-8 oz/A of OVERDRIVE in tank mixtures with fluroxypyr.
2,4-D	For noncropland, pasture and rangeland: To complement weed spectrum or increase weed control, add 4-8 oz/A of OVERDRIVE in tank mixtures with 2,4-D.
MSMA ¹	For noncropland only: To complement weed spectrum, add 4-8 oz/A of OVERDRIVE in tank mixtures with MSMA.
Plateau [®]	For noncropland, pasture and rangeland: To complement weed spectrum, add 4-8 oz/A of OVERDRIVE in tank mixtures with Plateau.
Arsenal ^{®1} , Sahara ^{®1}	For noncropland only: To complement weed spectrum where total vegetation control is desired, add 4-8 oz/A of OVERDRIVE in tank mixtures with Arsenal or Sahara.
Paramount ^{®1}	For noncropland only: To complement weed spectrum or increase weed control, add 4 oz/A of OVERDRIVE in tank mixtures with Paramount. When tank mixing with Paramount [®] , always include a methylated seed oil (MSO) at the rate of 1.5 pints per acre.
Pendulum ^{®1}	For noncropland only: To complement weed spectrum, add 4-8 oz/A of OVERDRIVE in tank mixtures with Pendulum.
glyphosate	For noncropland, pasture and rangeland: To complement weed spectrum, add 4-8 oz/A of OVERDRIVE in tank mixtures with glyphosate.
metsulfuron methyl (Escort [®] , Ally [®])	For noncropland, pasture and rangeland: To complement weed spectrum, add 4-8 oz/A of OVERDRIVE in tank mixtures with metsulfuron methyl.
sulfometuron methyl ¹ (Oust [®])	For noncropland only: To complement weed spectrum, add 4-8 oz/A of OVERDRIVE in tank mixtures with sulfometuron methyl.
chlorsulfuron (Telar [®])	For noncropland, pasture and rangeland: To complement weed spectrum, add 4-8 oz/A of OVERDRIVE in tank mixtures with chlorsulfuron.
diuron ¹	For noncropland only: To complement weed spectrum, add 4-8 oz/A of OVERDRIVE in tank mixtures with diuron.

¹Tank mixtures with these products are for noncropland sites only. Read and follow the applicable Restrictions and Limitations, Directions For Use, and Registered Use Sites for the appropriate tank mix partner.

²Redeem[®] is a combination of triclopyr + clopyralid.

VI. General Restrictions and Limitations

- **Rainfast period:** **OVERDRIVE[®]** herbicide is rainfast **4 hours** after application when used with recommended adjuvants according to section **III. Rates and Additives**.
- Do not apply through any type of **irrigation** system.
- Do not apply aurally.
- This product cannot be used to **formulate** or reformulate any other pesticide product.

- Pasture and rangeland grass treated with **OVERDRIVE** can be grazed or harvested for livestock feed immediately after application.
- **Crop Rotation Restriction:** Do not plant any crops within 30 days after the last application of **OVERDRIVE**.
- **Agricultural use sites: Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 12 hours.**
- **Noncropland use sites:** Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

Table 3. Site-Specific Rate Limitations for OVERDRIVE Herbicide

Site	Maximum Rate Per Acre Per Application	Maximum Rate Per Acre Per Season
Noncropland sites	8 ounces (0.35 pounds a.i.)	10 ounces (0.438 pounds a.i.)
Pasture, Hay, and Rangeland	8 ounces (0.35 pounds a.i.)	8 ounces (0.35 pounds a.i.)

VII. Site Specific Information

Rights-of-Way, Utility, Industrial Areas, and Other Noncropland Sites

OVERDRIVE may be used for general broadleaf weed control in roadside, utility, pipeline, railroad rights-of-ways, and other noncropland sites (see Table 1 for listed weed species). **OVERDRIVE** may be applied alone or with suitable tank mixes to broaden or enhance weed control. See **Table 2 Tank Mix Options** for additional information on tank mixes. **OVERDRIVE** may be used for general post-emergence broadleaf weed control in noncropland sites where total vegetation control is desired.

Pasture and Rangeland

OVERDRIVE may be used in pasture and rangeland sites for post-emergence broadleaf weed control (see Table 1 for listed weed species). **OVERDRIVE** may be used alone or in combination with other pasture/rangeland labeled herbicides to enhance the control of perennial weeds or complement the spectrum of weeds controlled. See **Table 2 Tank Mix Options** for additional information on tank mixes.

Do not apply **OVERDRIVE** to small grains grown for pasture or to newly seeded grasses. Established grasses growing under environmental stresses can exhibit various injury symptoms that may be more pronounced if herbicides are applied. **OVERDRIVE** may injure bentgrass, carpetgrass, buffalograss, St. Augustine, and velvetgrass. **OVERDRIVE** will severely injure alfalfa, clovers, lespedeza, wild winter peas, vetch and other legumes.

Pasture and rangeland grass treated with **OVERDRIVE** can be grazed or harvested for livestock feed immediately after application.

Conditions of Sale and Warranty

The **Directions For Use** of this product reflects the opinion of experts based on field use and tests. The directions are believed to be reliable and should be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or use of the product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling, all of which are beyond the control of BASF CORPORATION ("BASF") or the Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer.

BASF warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes referred to in the **Directions For Use**, subject to the inherent risks, referred to above. BASF MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR MERCHANTABILITY OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY. IN NO CASE SHALL BASF OR THE SELLER BE LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL OR INDIRECT DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT. BASF and the Seller offer this product, and the Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing **Conditions of Sale and Warranty** which may be varied only by agreement in writing signed by a duly authorized representative of BASF.

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BASF Corporation
26 Davis Drive
Research Triangle Park, NC 27709

BASF